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## (54) Turbine bucket natural frequency tuning rib

(57) A tuning rib (18) is added preferably in the aft cavity (16) of a cored turbine bucket (10) to alter the bucket's natural frequencies. The tuning rib may be a solid rib (18) or a segmented rib and is particularly suited for altering high order frequency modes such as 2T, 4F

and 1-3S. As such, detrimental crossings of natural bucket frequencies and gas turbine stimuli can be avoided to thereby improve the reliability of a gas turbine without impacting other features of the bucket that are important to the performance of the gas turbine.

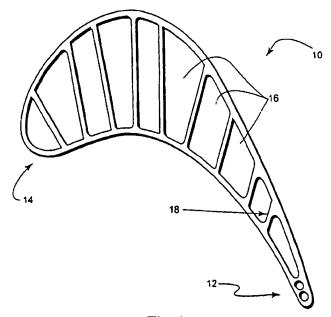


Fig.1

#### Description

[0001] This invention relates to turbine bucket construction and, more particularly, to the addition of a rib in the cavity of a cored turbine bucket for altering the bucket's natural frequencies.

[0002] Gas turbine buckets (blades) operate in an environment where they may be stimulated by multiple impulses which in turn drive responses corresponding to various natural frequencies of the bucket. The buckets also operate over a variety of speed ranges as well as, at a given speed, different sources of stimuli, exposing them to a large variety of stimuli. It is important to avoid the crossing of a driving stimulus and the bucket natural frequency to prevent premature failure of the bucket in high cycle fatigue. Often, the design of the bucket in terms of its aerodynamic shape, internal cooling geometry, and the like, is dictated to avoid such crossings.

[0003] Previously, turbine bucket tuning has been accomplished using devices such as aftering the blade aspect ratio (height to chord). TE (trailing edge) cropping, changes in camber, wall thickness, tip mass, shank height, damper designs, and material density or other material properties (e.g., DS, mono-crystal), etc.

[0004] It would be desirable, however, to alter certain natural frequencies of a gas turbine bucket so as to avoid these detrimental crossings of natural frequencies and stimuli without impacting other features that are important to the performance of the gas turbine to thereby improve the reliability of a gas turbine.

[0005] In an exemplary embodiment of the invention, a method of tuning a turbine bucket having an internal cavity includes (a) designing the turbine bucket construction. (b) testing the turbine bucket, and (c) after steps (a) and (b) adding a rib in the internal cavity to thereby alter a natural frequency of the turbine bucket. Step (c) may be practiced by adding a rib in an aft cavity of the turbine bucket to stiffen the compliant trailing edge. The rib may be solid or segmented. This construction is particularly suited for altering high order frequency modes such as 2T, 4F and 1-3S.

[0006] In an another exemplary embodiment of the invention a turbine bucket includes an internal cavity and a tuning rib added in the cavity that alters a natural frequency of the turbine bucket.

[0007] The invention will now be described in greater detail, by way of example, with reference to the drawings in which:-

FIGURE 1 is a cross sectional view of a turbine 50 bucket and

FIGURE 2 illustrates a turbine bucket with a segmented tuning rib.

[0008] FIGURE 1 is a cross sectional view of a gas turbine bucket Generally the bucket 10 includes a trailing eage 12 and a leading edge 14 with internal cavities

and passageways 16 therein that are generally specifically configured in a serpentine construction to effect cooling of the bucket. Since the detailed construction of a turbine bucket itself does not form part of the present invention, further details will not be described herein. An exemplary bucket description is provided in commonlyowned U.S. Patent No. 5,536.143, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

[0009] By the present invention, a tuning rib 18 is added preferably in the aft cavity (trailing end) of the cored turbine bucket 10. The tuning rib 18 serves to alter natural frequencies of the turbine bucket without impacting features of the bucket that are important to efficient performance of the gas turbine. FIGURE 2 shows a segmented tuning rib 20. The tuning rib of the invention is particularly suited for altering high order frequency modes such as 2T, 4F and 1-3S.

[0010] Preferably, the rib 18 or 20 may be implemented after the main design phase has been completed. That is, if testing of a completed turbine bucket exhibits potential high cycle fatigue problems based on a natural frequency of the bucket, the natural frequency can be subsequently altered with the addition of the tuning rib 18 or 20. As such, the aero-mechanical response of the bucket may be adjusted or tuned. The tuning rib 18 or 20 can be added in any suitable manner as would be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art such as by conventional investment casting techniques or the like. [0011] With the added rib of the present invention, detrimental crossings of bucket natural frequencies and gas turbine stimuli can be avoided to thereby improve the reliability of a gas turbine. The tuning rib of the present invention can be added without impacting other features that are important to the performance of the gas turbine.

#### **Claims**

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- A method of tuning a turbine bucket having an internal cavity, the method comprising:
  - (a) designing the turbine bucket construction;
  - (b) testing the turbine bucket; and
  - (c) after steps (a) and (b), adding a rib in the internal cavity to thereby alter a natural frequency of the turbine bucket.
- A method according to claim 1, wherein step (c) is practiced by adding a rib in an aft cavity of the turbine bucket.
- A method according to claim 1, wherein step (c) is practiced by adding a solid rib.
- A method according to claim 1, wherein step (c) is practiced by adding a segmented rib.

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- 5 A method according to claim 1, wherein step (c) is practiced by adding the rib to thereby alter high order frequency modes.
- A method according to claim 5, wherein the high orcer frequency modes include at least one of 2T, 4F and 1-3S.
- 7. A turbine bucket that is tuned according to the method of claim 1
- A turbine bucket (10) comprising an internal cavity (16) and a tuning rib (18, 20) added in the cavity that alters a natural frequency of the turbine bucket.
- 9 A turbine bucket according to claim 8, wherein the tuning rib (18, 20) is disposed in an aft cavity (16) of the turbine bucket.
- A turbine bucket according to claim 8 or 9, wherein the tuning rib (18) is solid.
- A turbine bucket according to claim 8 or 9, wherein the tuning rib (20) is segmented.

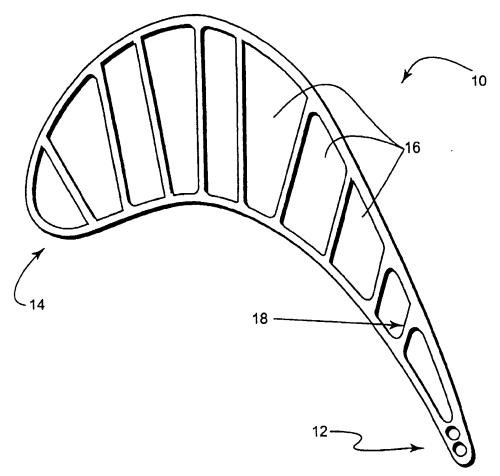


Fig.1

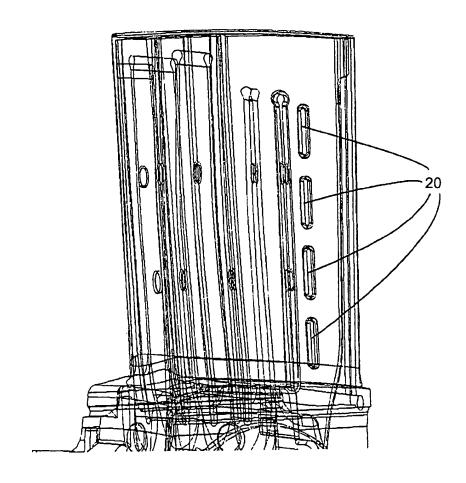
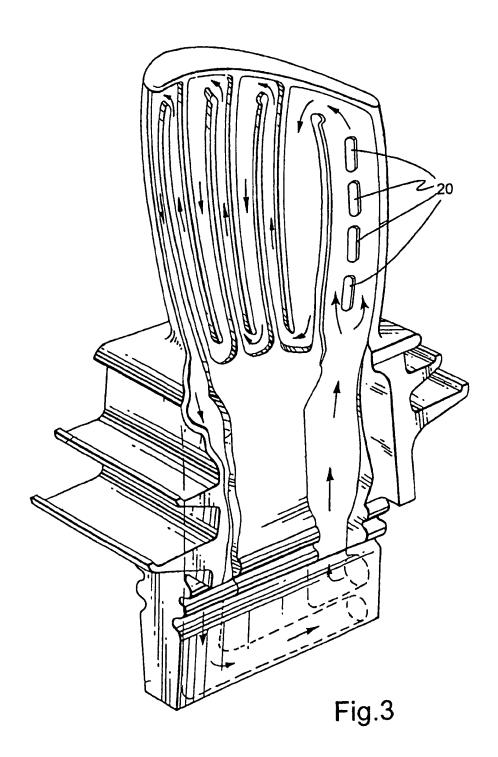


Fig.2

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